## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1	1. A method of screening drug candidates comprising:
2	a) providing a cell that expresses an expression profile gene selected from the
3	group consisting of an expression profile gene set forth in Table 1 or Table 2 or fragment
4	thereof;
5	b) adding a drug candidate to said cell; and
6	c) determining the effect of said drug candidate on the expression of said
7	expression profile gene.
14 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	2. A method according to claim 1 wherein said determining comprises comparing the level of expression in the absence of said drug candidate to the level of expression in the presence of said drug candidate.
	3. A method of screening for a bioactive agent capable of binding to a
<u> </u>	colorectal cancer modulator protein (colorectal cancer modulator protein), wherein said
Ng C)	colorectal cancer modulator protein is encoded by a nucleic acid selected from the group
(1) (1) (1)	consisting of a nucleic acid of Table 1 or Table 2 or a fragment thereof, said method
13	comprising:
6	a) combining said colorectal cancer modulator protein and a candidate
7	bioactive agent; and
8	b) determining the binding of said candidate agent to said colorectal cancer
9	modulator protein.
1	4. A method for screening for a bioactive agent capable of modulating the
2	activity of a colorectal cancer modulator protein, wherein said colorectal cancer modulator
3	protein is encoded by a nucleic acid selected from the group consisting of a nucleic acid of
4	Table 1 or Table 2 or a fragment thereof, said method comprising:
5	a) combining said colorectal cancer modulator protein and a candidate
6	bioactive agent; and



1	9. A method for inhibiting the activity of a colorectal cancer modulator
2	protein (colorectal cancer modulator protein), wherein said colorectal cancer modulator
3	protein is encoded by a nucleic acid selected from the group consisting of a nucleic acid of
4	Table 1 or Table 2 or a fragment thereof, said method comprising binding an inhibitor to said
5	colorectal cancer modulator protein.
1	10. A method according to claim 9 wherein said inhibitor is an antibody.
1	11. A method of treating colorectal cancer comprising administering to a
2	patient an inhibitor of a colorectal cancer modulator protein, wherein said colorectal cancer
3	modulator protein is encoded by a nucleic acid selected from the group consisting of a
[]4	nucleic acid of Table 1 or Table 2 or a fragment thereof.
7	<ul><li>12. A method according to claim 11 wherein said inhibitor is an antibody.</li><li>13. A method of neutralizing the effect of a colorectal cancer modulator</li></ul>
Mr Ch	protein, or a fragment thereof, comprising contacting an agent specific for said protein with
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143 111	said protein in an amount sufficient to effect neutralization.
	14. A method for localizing a therapeutic moiety to colorectal cancer tissue
[2	comprising exposing said tissue to an antibody to a colorectal cancer modulator protein or
3	fragment thereof conjugated to said therapeutic moiety.
1	15. The method of Claim 14, wherein said therapeutic moiety is a cytotoxic
2	agent.
2	agent.
1	16. The method of Claim 14, wherein said therapeutic moiety is a
2	radioisotope.
1	17. A method for inhibiting colorectal cancer in a cell, wherein said method
2	comprises administering to a cell a composition comprising antisense molecules to a nucleic
3	acid of Table 1 or Table 2.
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18. An antibody which specifically binds to a protein encoded by a nucleic

acid of Table 1 or Table 2 or a fragment thereof.

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1	19. The antibody of Claim 18, wherein said antibody is a monocional
2	antibody.
. 1	20. The antibody of Claim 18, wherein said antibody is a humanized
2	antibody.
1	21. The antibody of Claim 18, wherein said antibody is an antibody fragment.
1	22. A biochip comprising one or more nucleic acid segments selected from
2	the group consisting of a nucleic acid of Table 1 or Table 2 or a fragment thereof, wherein
3	said biochip comprises fewer than 1000 nucleic acid probes.
	23. A nucleic acid having a sequence at least 95% homologous to a sequence
	of a nucleic acid of Table 1 or Table 2 or its complement.
111 111	24. A nucleic acid which hybridizes under high stringency to a nucleic acid of
C)*	Table 1 or Table 2 or its complement.
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	25. A polypeptide encoded by the nucleic acid of Claim 23 or 24.
1	26. A method of eliciting an immune response in an individual, said method
[2	comprising administering to said individual a composition comprising the polypeptide of
3	Claim 25 or a fragment thereof.
1	27. A method of eliciting an immune response in an individual, said method
2	comprising administering to said individual a composition comprising a nucleic acid
3	comprising a sequence of a nucleic acid of Table 1 or Table 2 or a fragment thereof.
1	28. A method of determining the prognosis of an individual with colorectal
2	cancer comprising:
3	a) determining the expression of one or more genes selected from the group
4	consisting of a nucleic acid of Table 1 or Table 2 or a fragment thereof in a first tissue type of
5	a first individual; and
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6	b) comparing said expression of said gene(s) from a second normal tissue type
7	from said first individual or a second unaffected individual;

- 8 wherein a substantial difference in said expression indicates a poor prognosis.
- 1 29. A method of treating colorectal cancer comprising administering to an
- 2 individual having colorectal cancer an antibody to a colorectal cancer modulator protein or
- 3 fragment thereof conjugated to a therapeutic moiety.
- 1 30. The method of Claim 29, wherein said therapeutic moiety is a cytotoxic
- 2 agent.

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- 1 31. The method of Claim 29, wherein said therapeutic moiety is a
- 2 radioisotope.

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